Public Fundraising Symposium **Getting it Right: Regulation & Best Practice**



Changing the way we *think* about Data Governance



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Self-regulation works!



Data doubles every 2 years

"Data We Can Trust"

- Speed verses Trust are at odds
- Visualise balls multiplying and juggling

 According to the Harvard Business Review, on average, 47% of data records are created with critical errors that impact work



LemonTree/Marketsoft data governance experience

- 30+ years across commercial and NFP
- Large scale data management
- Specialise in disparate data
- Standards and compliance is core
- Same challenges of speed and trust conundrum
- Both for client solutions and our own B2B business model

Agenda – thinking Data Governance

- 1. What is it
- 2. Why it matters for fundraising
- 3. Benefits
- 4. Key Components
- 5. Implementing it
- 6. PFRA charity survey insights
- 7. Case Study
- 8. Conclusions 7 questions to ask
- 9. Q&A



Quick Anonymous Poll

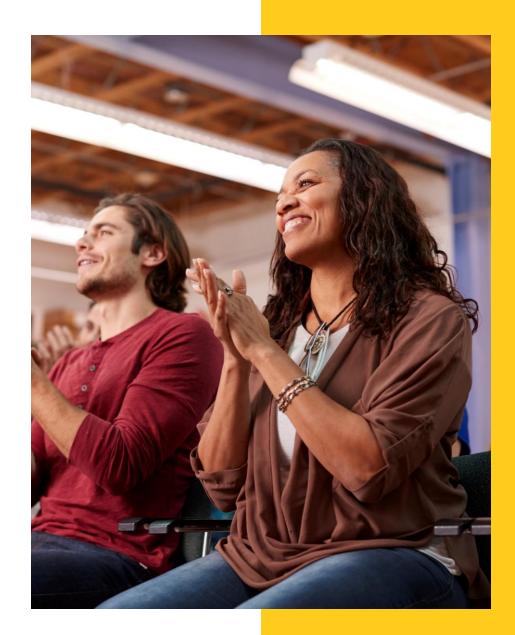
How mature do you perceive Data Governance is managed in your organisation (score 1-10)?

- 1 Starting out or low trust in data
- 5 Competent
- 10 Rock stars! (high trust in all data)



What is it?

- Framework for "Data we can trust"
 - Quality, Security, Compliance
- Establishing processes, roles, policies, and procedures
 - Top down and Bottom up
 - Control and protection
 - Crowdsourcing insights
 - Data Roles clearly defined
 - Privacy compliance and best practice self regulation to avoid external regulation
 - Audit





Why it matters for fundraising

> Fundraising organisations rely on accurate, trustworthy data for donor engagement

> The risks of poor data governance include donor dissatisfaction and potential legal issues



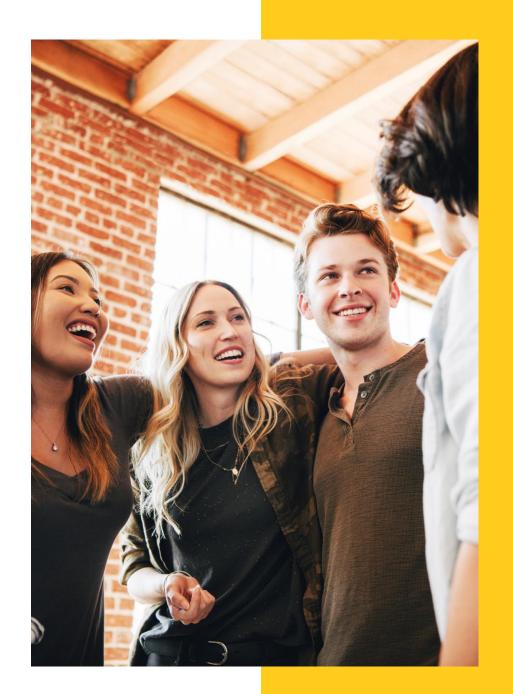
Benefits

Effective data governance can bring to fundraising organisations:

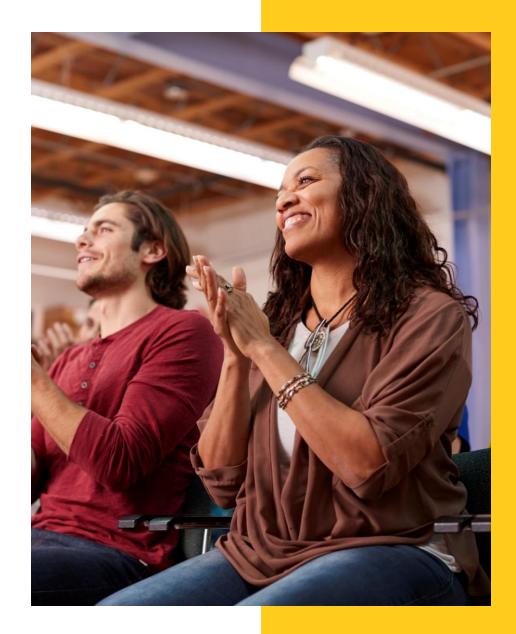
- Enhanced donor relationships
- Increased data accuracy and reliability
- Improved decision-making
- Regulatory compliance

Privacy Principles

- 1. Purpose of collection
- 2. Source of personal information
- 3. Collection of information from subject
- 4. Manner of collection
- 5. Storage and security
- 6. Access to personal information
- 7. Correction of personal information
- 8. Accuracy
- 9. Retention
- 10. Limits on use of personal information
- 11. Limits on disclosure of personal information
- 12. Unique identifiers



- Key components of a data governance framework:
 - Data quality management
 - Data security and privacy
 - Data access and permissions
 - Data stewardship and ownership



Data quality management

- Accurate donor information
- Avoiding duplicate records
- Eliminating outdated information



Data security and privacy

- Importance of data encryption
- Compliance with data protection regulations (GDPR, CCPA, etc.)
- Securing sensitive donor information (ISF, tokenisation, etc.)



Data access and permissions

- Who should have access to what data
- Implementing proper authorisation protocols

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Access CKFinder	Х	X	Х	X	X		X	X	
View & Update Website SEO Settings	Х	х	X						
Access to Debug Menu	Х		Х						
Application Dictionary	Х	Х	X						
Themes & Content	Х		Х	X					
Create Revision (CK Editor)	Х	х	X	X			X	х	
Publish (CK Editor)	Х	X	Х	X			X		X
Delete Revision (CK Editor)	Х	х	X	X			x		X
Preview Revision (CK Editor)	Х	Х	Х	X			X	X	X
/iew & Update Settings	Х	~	~						
~ denotes limited permissions									



Data stewardship and ownership (RACI)

- Responsible for data integrity
- Establishing data governance policies and guidelines

	Steering Committee	Governance Council		Business Area Data Stewards	
Sponsorship and Charter	R	А	с	с	1
Data Ownership	с	R	А	А	1
Policies and Standards	с	R	А	А	1
Business Rules and Guidelines	1	R	А	A	с
Data Quality Issues, Reports and Metrics	1	R	А	А	А
Data Models and Data Dictionaries	1	А	с	с	R
Processes and Procedures	1	R	A	А	с

R - Responsible; A - Accountable; C - Consulted; I - Informed





Implementing It

6 steps to implement data governance in fundraising organisations:

- 1. Assess current data practices
- 2. Define roles and responsibilities
- 3. Develop data policies and guidelines
- 4. Implement data management tools
- 5. Train staff on data governance principles
- 6. Regularly review and repeat steps

Quick Anonymous Poll

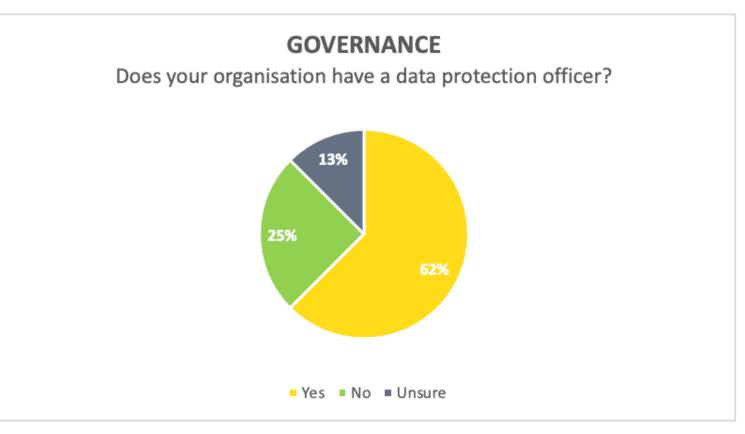
How often do all staff access best practice Data Governance guidelines?

- 1. Never
- 2. Once a year
- 3. Multiple times a year
- 4. Laminated printout on my desk! ③



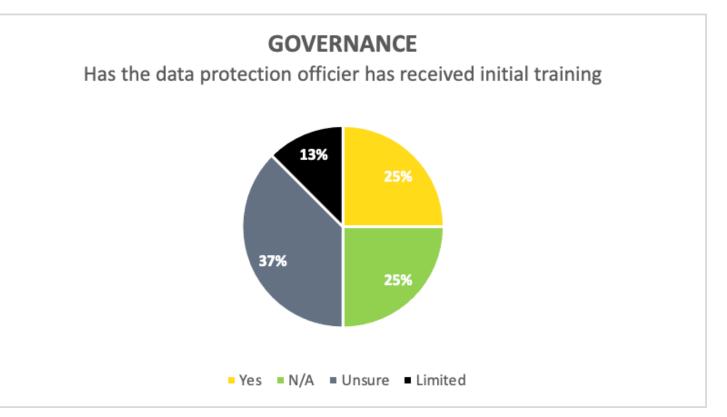
Thank you to all the fundraising teams for sharing their time and experiences!





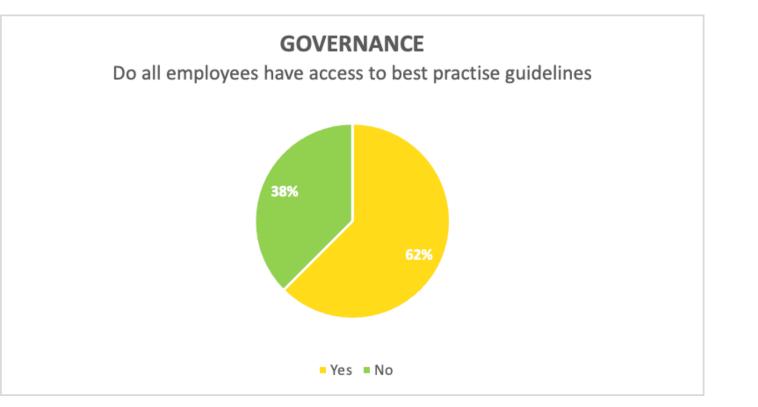
Insights

Positive sign, however depended on size of organisation and often an extra "hat" for the CEO or director role. Breeding a culture of data literacy will be important for these organisations



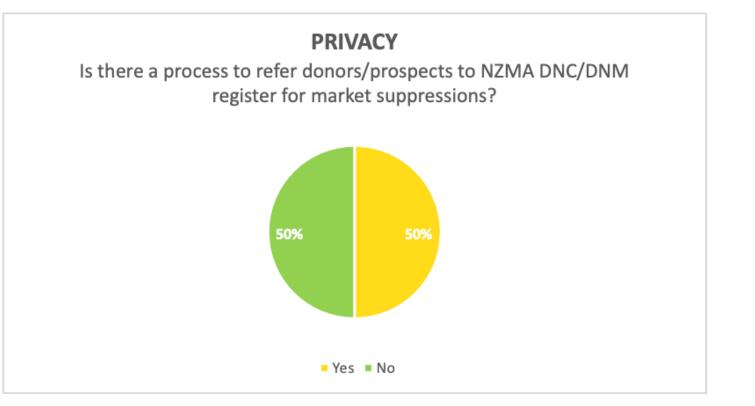
Insights

Clearly a gap in the implementation of this role, often sighted reasons being capacity and priorities. A cultural need to think differently about data governance.



Insights

Many responses was a "tentative" yes, however 1 organisation had a laminated 2pager given to all staff ready on her desk!



Insights

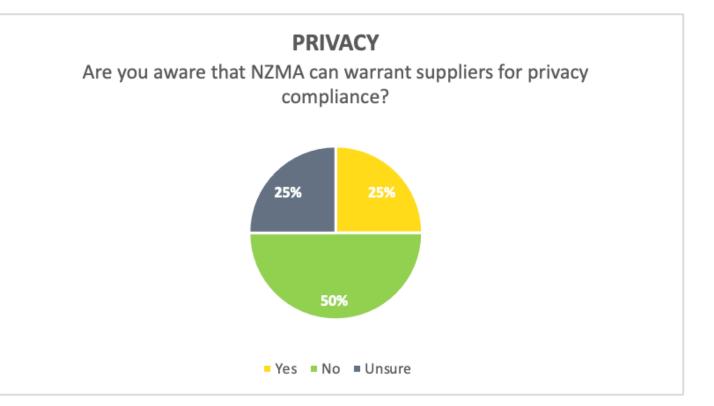
Mostly only aware for those involved in DM acquisition and not often aware of this centralised suppression service

Quick Anonymous Poll

Are you aware that the NZMA can warrant suppliers for privacy compliance?

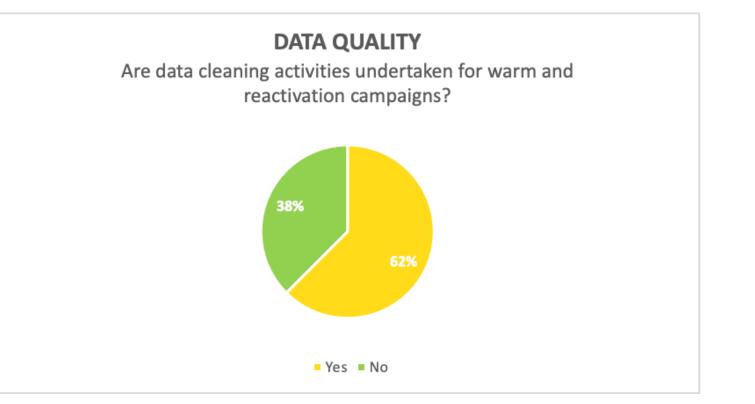
- 1 Yes
- 2 No
- 3 Unsure





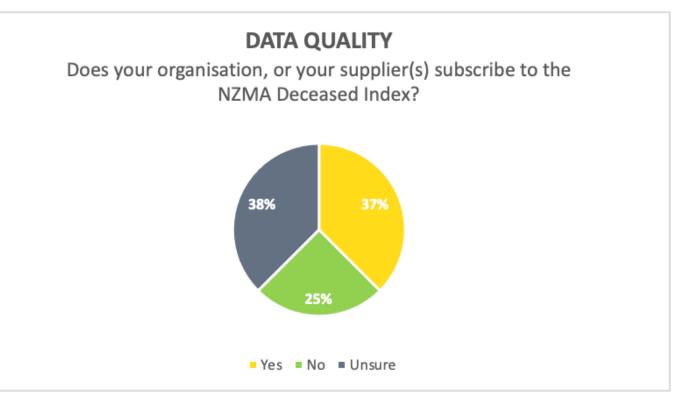
Insights

Again, awareness of a sector body of this service was low. Mostly relevant to nondigital fundraising channels such as DM



Insights

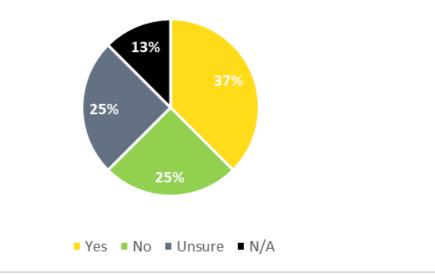
Good to see that a majority were confidently investing in improving data quality such as appending phone numbers or updating address details. Often this is deprioritised as important yet not urgent.



Insights

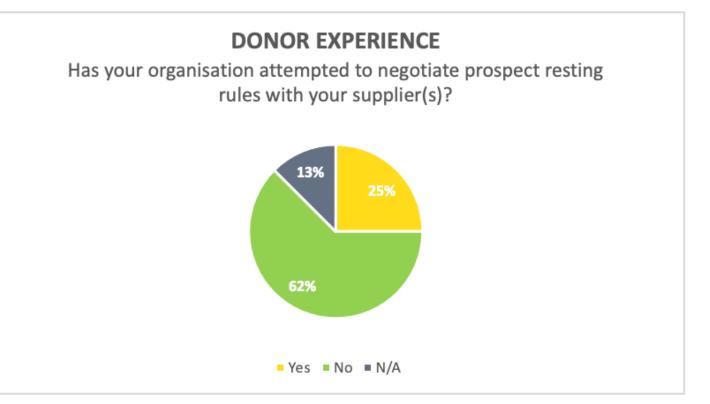
The few that apply this were typically via 3rd party apps in their CRM. Unlike Australia, New Zealand has full access to the government death register.

DONOR EXPERIENCE Does your supplier provide any guarantee that the prospects are subject to any resting rules?



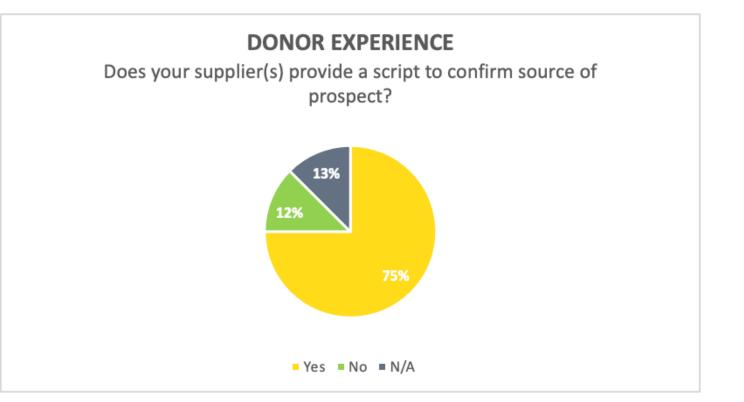
Insights

This suggests many acquisition campaigns could be waring out the same people with over-communications from charities. Your data suppliers should be able to discuss the pros and cons of managing resting rules.



Insights

As per previous question, fundraisers were commonly concerned with "fatiguing" prospect donors from over-communication, however limited specific solutions in place to address



Insights

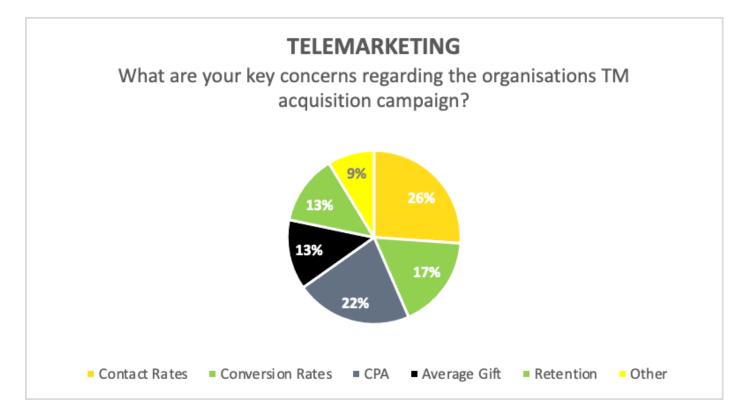
A mostly standard practice across acquisition campaigns that shows common sense compliance to privacy regulations are in place

Quick Anonymous Poll

What are your key concerns regarding your organisation's TM acquisition campaigns?

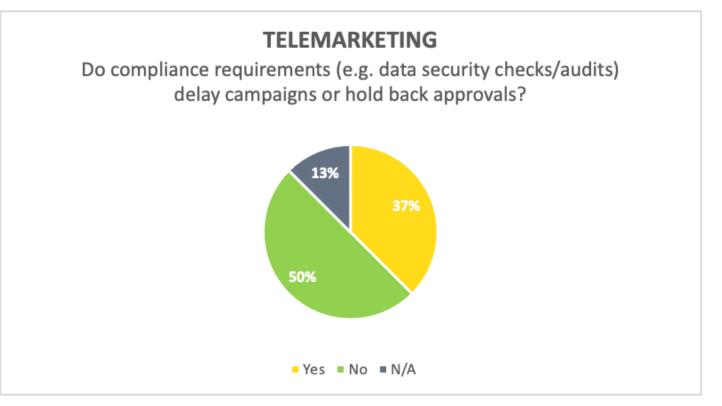
- 1 Contact Rates
- 2 Conversion Rates
- 3 CPA
- 4 Avg Gift
- 5 Retention
- 6 All above





Insights

As expected, most common metrics are all acutely monitored with contact rates the highest area of concern to ROI. Highlights potential data quality benefits from Data Governance practice



Insights

Most fundraisers were confident in their compliance processes in managing data with third party partners such as call agencies and data providers. Standardised security and policy audit questionnaires are becoming the norm within the industry.



Case Study

How a fundraising organisation benefited from implementing data governance

Outcomes included as increased donor audiences and expanded major donors



Conclusions

- Best practices for successful data governance in fundraising organisations:
 - Continuously monitor and improve data quality
 - Regularly update data security protocols
 - Train staff on data handling and privacy

Have we changed or added to the way you think about Data Governance?

Take away – 7 questions to ask your organisation

- 1. How is donor data valued in my organisation?
- 2. Is our data governance a check box mindset or a genuine methodology to manage risk balanced with growth?
- 3. How do we measure the risk of incomplete and outdated donor information?
- 4. What is best practice in managing data and trust across our partner ecosystem?
- 5. Are we prepared for potential data regulation changes and future-proofing our organisation?
- 6. Do we have international donors that require GDPR compliance?
- 7. Do we need assistance with trust and data governance?



Thank you!



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